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# Naming Strategies for Variables and Methods in C#

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#### **Abstract:**

This article discusses the importance of proper naming in programming, especially in C#. It highlights how clear and descriptive names for variables and methods enhance readability, maintenance, and collaboration in software projects. The text presents naming guidelines, such as the use of PascalCase and camelCase, as well as strategies for naming variables and methods intuitively. It also addresses the relevance of avoiding confusing abbreviations and documenting the code.

## **Key words:**

nomenclature, variables, methods, C#, conventions, readability, clarity, naming standards, camelCase, PascalCase, underscores, prefixes, suffixes, descriptiveness, consistency, code maintenance, best practices, programming, software development, clean code, refactoring.

# Importance of Naming in Programming

Proper naming of variables and methods is a crucial aspect of programming that impacts readability, maintenance, and collaboration in software projects. In C#, a widely used language for application development, clarity in name selection can facilitate code understanding, both for the original author and for other developers who may work on the project later. Well-named code reduces the learning curve for new developers and decreases the likelihood of introducing errors when modifying existing code.

## The Impact of Naming on Collaboration

In collaborative development environments, where multiple developers may contribute to the same code, naming becomes even more critical. Clear and descriptive names allow everyone involved in the project to quickly understand what each part of the code does, minimizing the need for meetings and discussions to clarify the intent of each variable or method. This not only speeds up the development process but also improves the quality of the final software.

## Naming Guidelines in C#

C# has naming conventions that help standardize code. Among them, the following stand out:

PascalCase: Used for class, method, and property names. Example: CalculateTotalAmount. This convention is especially useful for visual differentiation in larger codebases.

camelCase: Used for variable and parameter names. Example: totalAmount. This approach helps distinguish variables from other elements in the code.

Underline: Not common in C#, but can be used for private variables. Example: \_totalAmount. The use of an underline can help quickly identify a variable's visibility.

# Variables: The Art of Naming

The choice of variable names should clearly reflect the purpose and type of data they store. Variables that represent collections should have names indicating this characteristic. For example:

Leaders. Tec. Br Volume 1, Number 17

```
List<string&gt; customerNames = new List&lt;string&gt;();
```

In this example, customerNames indicates that the variable is a list of customer names, making the code more intuitive. Additionally, using the plural for collections, like customerNames, reinforces the idea that the variable can contain multiple values.

# **Examples of Variable Naming**

Consider the following example where variables are named to reflect their clear objectives:

```
Dictionary<int, string&gt; productCatalog = new Dictionary&lt;int, string&gt;();
```

Here, productCatalog suggests that the variable is a catalog of products, where the keys are integers (product IDs) and the values are strings (product names). This clarity facilitates maintenance and expansion of the code.

# **Methods: Naming Clearly**

Methods should be named in a way that describes the action they perform. It is common practice to use verbs, and the name should indicate what the method does. For example:

```
public void GenerateReport(DateTime startDate, DateTime endDate) { ... }
```

The method GenerateReport clearly indicates that its function is to generate a report based on a date range. This helps other developers quickly understand what the method does without needing to examine its implementation.

## Strategies for Method Naming

When naming methods, consider the following strategies:

Use infinitive or imperative verbs to indicate actions. Example: public void SaveData().

If a method performs a specific task, include that task in the name. Example: public void SendEmailNotification().

If a method returns a value, consider using a prefix that indicates this, such as Get. Example: public int GetCustomerCount().

#### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

While it may be tempting to abbreviate names to save time, this can often lead to confusion. Abbreviations should be used cautiously and only when widely recognized. For example, URL is used instead of UniformResourceLocator, but avoid obscure abbreviations that may not be familiar to all developers.

## **Examples of Acceptable Abbreviations**

Examples of commonly accepted abbreviations include:

```
HTML (HyperText Markup Language)

API (Application Programming Interface)

JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)
```

Avoid using abbreviations that are not commonly known, such as Db for Database in a context where this is not evident.

# **Using Prefixes and Suffixes**

Prefixes and suffixes can be useful to indicate the nature of a variable or method. For example, prefixes like is or has are often used in boolean variables:

```
bool isActive = true;
```

Leaders.Tec.Br Volume 1, Number 17

The name isActive quickly indicates that the variable is a boolean state. Other examples include hasChildren or canEdit, which are also intuitive and help quickly understand the variable's intent.

# **Using Suffixes for Clarification**

Suffixes can also be useful. Consider using Count to indicate counts, as in customerCount, or List to indicate a collection, as in customerList.

## **Naming Classes and Structures**

Classes should be named in the singular, as they represent a single instance. For example:

```
public class Customer { ... }
```

Meanwhile, structures can follow a similar logic, but their naming should reflect that they are composite data types. An example would be:

```
public struct Point { public int X; public int Y; }
```

Note that when naming structures, it is important to ensure that the name reflects the nature of the data being stored. A structure named Rectangle could include properties like Width and Height.

#### **Comments and Documentation**

While proper naming can reduce the need for comments, it is always good to document functions that perform complex operations. The use of XML comments in C# can enhance code readability and documentation:

```
/// <summary&gt;Generates a report based on the provided dates.&lt;/summary&gt;
public void GenerateReport(DateTime startDate, DateTime endDate) { ... }
```

These comments help explain the intent of the code, especially for methods that may not be immediately clear just from the naming.

# The Importance of Documentation

Proper documentation is a best practice that should be considered in any project. It helps preserve system knowledge and facilitates the integration of new developers. Tools like DocFX or Sandcastle can be used to generate documentation from XML comments, ensuring that the documentation is always up to date with the code.

## **Best Practices and Common Pitfalls**

Avoiding generic names like temp or data is essential. Names should be specific and descriptive. Additionally, it is important not to use names that are too long, which can make the code harder to read. A good practice is the rule of 3: if a name has more than three words, consider simplifying it. Very short names, on the other hand, can be equally problematic, as they do not provide enough information about what the variable or method represents.

#### **Examples of Specific Names**

Consider using descriptive names like customerOrderList instead of just list, and calculateDiscountedPrice instead of calc. This not only improves readability but also aids in code maintenance.

#### Conclusion

Naming is a fundamental aspect of development in C#. The careful choice of variable, method, class, and structure names can significantly impact the readability and maintainability of the code. By following naming guidelines and avoiding common pitfalls, you can improve the quality of your code, making it more accessible to other developers and

Leaders.Tec.Br Volume 1, Number 17

easier to maintain in the long run.

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